

Exercise 1. Complete the following sentences choosing the appropriate option provided at the right hand column.

1. The beginning of “civilization” was the beginning of mankind’s influence on the environment.	destruction
	destructive
	destructible
2. If we do not take action soon, it may cause damage to the entire planet.	reversible
	reverse
	irreversible
3. There are two important between ancient civilizations and the world today.	difference
	differences
	different
4. Environmentalists have such projects for spending most of their money on building ugly plantations.	criticize
	criticized
	critical
5. It takes many centuries for the full rainforest ecosystem to become	establish
	establishing
	established
6. The plight of tropical rainforests is one of the most urgent environmental crisis in the world.	disappeared
	disappearance
	disappearing
7. Even if population stops, the water shortage will get worse.	growth
	grow
	grown
8. We condemn deliberate of the water supply by industrial waste.	pollutant
	polluter
	pollution
9. Cadmium is being phased out of new batteries, but many other materials remain.	poison
	poisoned
	poisonous
10. Intensive farming methods which increase crop yields in temperate zones often fail in tropical climates.	succeed
	successfully
	successful
11. cropping reduces the quality of the soil and increases soil erosion.	continue
	continuous
	continuously
12. The productivity of these soils will soon begin to fail.	exhausting
	exhaust
	exhausted
13. The environment and the world poverty are both issues.	policy
	political
	politicians
14. Most of us never question the that human beings have the right to kill animals.	assuming
	assumption
	assumptive
15. The poachers shoot the rhinos and smuggle the horns into countries.	neighbouring
	neighbourhood
	neighbourly

Exercise 2. Read the text below. Use the word given at the end of each line to form a word that fits in the space in the same line.

The floor of the forest is a warm, moist (1).....	shelter (1)
environment that encourages a great (2)..... of	vary (2)
living things to grow. The (3) resources within	gene (3)
the rainforests (4) a huge potential for new	provide (4)
(5)..... . Of all the world's resources, its genetic	develop (5)
resources are the least (6)of all. We can not	renew (6)
say that any single species is (7) to the rest of	important (7)
the ecosystem. Maintaining biodiversity by (8) the	conserve (8)
rainforests is one of the greatest priorities for (9).....	environment (9)
today. Yet, at the present rate of (10), 7 percent	destroy (10)
of the earth's biodiversity is lost every 25 years.	

Exercise 3. Use the word given in brackets to form a word that fits in the space provided.

Part A

- Spills, leaks and accidents associated with oil extraction and transport create disturbances. **(addition)**
- Scientists believe that public awareness can contribute to ecological (b) and (c) **(preserve, restore)**
- Reports of (d) disease outbreaks in marine birds are on the increase. **(infection)**
- Global temperatures could leave two or three people in the world affected by water (e) **(short)**
- In early times volcanoes played a role in the (f) life of some people. **(religion)**
- Some eruptions occur on (g) islands. **(volcano)**
- Active volcanoes erupt (h) **(constant)**
- The pressure causes violent (i) that produce glowing clouds of hot ash and dust. **(explode)**
- Warming is a (j) consequence of putting so much carbon dioxide into the atmosphere. **(predict)**
- Air fresheners, mothballs, dry-cleaned clothes and cigarette smoke are increasing (k) to pollutants linked with ill health. **(expose)**
- Scientists have tried to reduce the acidity of lakes (l) by adding chemicals to the water. **(artificial)**
- The mineralogical (m) of diamond, the hardest substance known, is 10. **(hard)**
- Diamonds are (n) to attack by acids or bases. **(resist)**
- These (o) are made by day and by night at fixed times which are (p) throughout the world. **(observe, standard)**
- Middle Assyrian art (1350 –1000 BC) shows some (q) on established Babylonian stylistic traditions. **(depend)**
- Climate models are still maturing and have significant (r) **(limit)**
- Heat (s) in mines show that the temperature increases at an average rate of about 1° F. **(measure)**
- When people learn of the (t) dumping of industrial waste into rivers and oceans, they are usually (u) **(responsible, horror)**

19. As well as (v)..... alternative forms of transportation, governments and local authorities should make the use of private cars more expensive. **(encourage)**
20. The private car symbolizes freedom and (w)....., which are important values in our society. **(depend)**

Part B

1. The increase in (a) does not make up for the fall in nutritional value of the crops. **(productive)**
2. Gibson and other prominent (b) are most concerned about looting (plėšikavimas). **(archaeology)**
3. Lack of (c) in water and sanitation systems has led to increased pollution and health risks. **(invest)**
4. The great (d) intensity of the sun's rays strongly affects mountaineers going to high elevations. **(relate)**
5. Personal experience of growing the plant is the most (e) way of learning about it. **(value)**
6. Their goal is to find ways of calculating the true (f) value of water and other resources. **(economy)**
7. The years which are evenly (g) by four are called leap years. **(divide)**
8. However, droughts last year reduced crop (h) in some areas. **(produce)**
9. Forecasting weather with great (i) is no easy matter. **(accurate)**
10. When the land is (j) clear-cut and all trees removed, the bare ground is left behind with very little that can grow on it. **(commercial)**
11. When oil arrives onshore, the question becomes how best to save the affected plants and animals and to (k) the damage to the surrounding ecosystem. **(minimum)**
12. Even during the period of (l) sunlight the solar rays in Antarctica are oblique and without much energy. **(continue)**
13. Perhaps the most difficult decision, and one usually taken by local (m), is when to stop. **(politics)**
14. Scientists say that the major threat to the coast, should another spill occur, is not lack of research but of government (n) **(prepare)**
15. But while each new incident brings (o) destruction and (p) loss, it also improves understanding of how to deal with oil spills. **(environment, finance)**
16. The (q) of these hedges was detrimental to the land. **(remove)**
17. The U.S. Geological Survey estimates that continued reserve (r), along with undiscovered resources, could bring world oil (s) to as much as three trillion barrels. **(grow, estimate)**
18. Most developing countries today do not have (t), growing economies. **(health)**
19. Nuclear power is a clean, modern and efficient way to generate almost (u) amounts of electricity. **(limit)**
20. The medicinal plants in the rainforests have great (v) potential, but they also have enormous economic value. **(science)**